

Pennsylvania Keystone Exams

ALGEBRA I

ITEM AND SCORING SAMPLER

2016

INFORMATION ABOUT ALGEBRA I

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INTRODUCTION

The Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE) provides districts and schools with tools to assist in delivering focused instructional programs aligned to the Pennsylvania Core Standards. These tools include the standards, assessment anchor documents, Keystone Exams Test Definition, Classroom Diagnostic Tool, Standards Aligned System, and content-based item and scoring samplers. This 2016 Algebra I Item and Scoring Sampler is a useful tool for Pennsylvania educators in preparing students for the Keystone Exams.

This Item and Scoring Sampler contains released operational multiple-choice and constructed-response items that have appeared on previously administered Keystone Exams. These items will not appear on any future Keystone Exams. Released items provide an idea of the types of items that have appeared on operational exams and that will appear on future operational Keystone Exams. Each item has been through a rigorous review process to ensure alignment with the Assessment Anchors and Eligible Content. This sampler includes items that measure a variety of Assessment Anchor or Eligible Content statements, but it does not include sample items for all Assessment Anchor or Eligible Content statements.

The items in this sampler may be used as examples for creating assessment items at the classroom level and may also be copied and used as part of a local instructional program.¹ Classroom teachers may find it beneficial to have students respond to the constructed-response items in this sampler. Educators can then use the sampler as a guide to score the responses either independently or together with colleagues.

ABOUT THE KEYSTONE EXAMS

The Keystone Exams are end-of-course assessments currently designed to assess proficiencies in Algebra I, Biology, and Literature. For detailed information about how the Keystone Exams are being integrated into the Pennsylvania graduation requirements, please contact the Pennsylvania Department of Education or visit the PDE website at http://www.education.pa.gov.

Alignment

The Algebra I Keystone Exam consists of exam questions grouped into **two modules**: Module 1—Operations and Linear Equations & Inequalities and Module 2—Linear Functions and Data Organizations. Each module corresponds to specific content, aligned to statements and specifications included in the course-specific assessment anchor documents. The Algebra I content included in the Keystone Algebra I multiple-choice items will align with the Assessment Anchors as defined by the Eligible Content statements. The process skills, directives, and action statements will also specifically align with the Assessment Anchors as defined by the Eligible Content statements.

The content included in Algebra I constructed-response items aligns with content included in the Eligible Content statements. The process skills, directives, and action statements included in the performance demands of the Algebra I constructed-response items align with specifications included in the Assessment Anchor statements, the Anchor Descriptor statements, and/or the Eligible Content statements. In other words, the verbs or action statements used in the constructed-response items or stems can come from the Eligible Content, Anchor Descriptor, or Assessment Anchor statements.

¹ The permission to copy and/or use these materials does not extend to commercial purposes.

Depth of Knowledge

Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) was created by Dr. Norman Webb of the Wisconsin Center for Education Research. Webb's definition of depth of knowledge is the cognitive expectation demanded by standards, curricular activities, and assessment tasks. Webb's DOK includes four levels, from the lowest (basic recall) level to the highest (extended thinking) level.

Depth of Knowledge					
Level 1 Recall					
Level 2	Basic Application of Skill/Concept				
Level 3	Strategic Thinking				
Level 4	Extended Thinking				

Each Keystone item has been through a rigorous review process and is assigned a DOK level. For additional information about depth of knowledge, please visit the PDE website at <u>http://static.pdesas.org/Content/Documents/</u>Keystone_Exam_Program_Overview.pdf.

Exam Format

The Keystone Exams are delivered in a paper-and-pencil format as well as in a computer-based online format. The multiple-choice items require students to select the best answer from four possible answer options and record their answers in the spaces provided. The correct answer for each multiple-choice item is worth one point. The constructed-response items require students to develop and write (or construct) their responses. Constructed-response items in Algebra I are scored using item-specific scoring guidelines based on a 0–4-point scale. Each multiple-choice item is designed to take about one to one-and-a-half minutes to complete. Each constructed-response item is designed to take about 10 minutes to complete. The estimated time to respond to a test question is the same for both test formats. During an actual exam administration, students are given additional time as necessary to complete the exam.

ITEM AND SCORING SAMPLER FORMAT

This sampler includes the test directions, scoring guidelines, and formula sheet that appear in the Keystone Exams. Each sample multiple-choice item is followed by a table that includes the alignment, the answer key, the DOK, the percentage² of students who chose each answer option, and a brief answer option analysis or rationale. Each constructed-response item is followed by a table that includes the alignment, the DOK, and the mean student score. Additionally, each of the included item-specific scoring guidelines is combined with sample student responses representing each score point to form a practical, item-specific scoring guidelines should be used if any additional item-specific scoring guidelines are created for use within local instructional programs.

Example Multiple-Choice Item Information Table

	ltem Info	rmation		Option Annotations
	Alignme	nt Assig AAEC		Brief answer option analysis or rationale
	Answer Key Correct Answer			
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge Assigned DOK			
		-		
<i>p</i> -values				
Α	В	С	D	
Percentage each opti	ge of stude on	nts who s	elected	

Example Constructed-Response Item Information Table

Alignment Assigned AAEC Depth of Knowledg	Assigned DOK	Mean Score	
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² All p-value percentages listed in the item information tables have been rounded.

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ALGEBRA I EXAM DIRECTIONS

Below are the exam directions available to students. These directions may be used to help students navigate through the exam.

Formulas that you may need to solve questions in this module are found on page 7 of this test booklet. You may refer to the formula page at any time during the exam.

You may use a calculator on this module. When performing operations with π (pi), you may use either calculator π or the number 3.14.

There are two types of questions in each module.

Multiple-Choice Questions

These questions will ask you to select an answer from among four choices.

- First read the question and solve the problem on scratch paper. Then choose the correct answer.
- Only one of the answers provided is correct.
- If none of the choices matches your answer, go back and check your work for possible errors.
- Record your answer in the Algebra I answer booklet.

Constructed-Response Questions

These questions will require you to write your response.

- These questions have more than one part. Be sure to read the directions carefully.
- You cannot receive the highest score for a constructed-response question without completing all the tasks in the question.
- If the question asks you to show your work or explain your reasoning, be sure to show your work or explain your reasoning. However, not all questions will require that you show your work or explain your reasoning. If the question does not require that you show your work or explain your reasoning, you may use the space provided for your work or reasoning, but the work or reasoning will not be scored.
- All responses must be written in the appropriate location within the response box in the Algebra I answer booklet. Some answers may require graphing, plotting, labeling, drawing, or shading. If you use scratch paper to write your draft, be sure to transfer your final response to the Algebra I answer booklet.

If you finish early, you may check your work in Module 1 [or Module 2] only.

- <u>Do not look ahead at the questions in Module 2 [or back at the questions in Module 1] of your exam materials.</u>
- After you have checked your work, close your exam materials.

You may refer to this page at any time during this portion of the exam.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF SCORING GUIDELINES FOR ALGEBRA I

4 POINTS

- The response demonstrates a *thorough* understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.
- The response provides correct answer(s) with clear and complete mathematical procedures shown and a correct explanation, as required by the task. Response may contain a minor "blemish" or omission in work or explanation that does not detract from demonstrating a *thorough* understanding.

3 POINTS

- The response demonstrates a *general* understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.
- The response and explanation (as required by the task) are mostly complete and correct. The response may have minor errors or omissions that do not detract from demonstrating a *general* understanding.

2 POINTS

- The response demonstrates a *partial* understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.
- The response is somewhat correct with *partial* understanding of the required mathematical concepts and/or procedures demonstrated and/or explained. The response may contain some work that is incomplete or unclear.

1 POINT

• The response demonstrates a *minimal* understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.

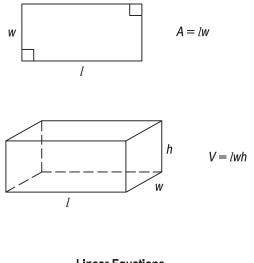
0 POINTS

• The response has no correct answer and *insufficient* evidence to demonstrate any understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task for that grade level.

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Keystone
Algebra I
Sampler
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FORMULA SHEET

Formulas that you may need to solve questions in this exam are found below. You may use calculator π or the number 3.14.



Linear Equations

Slope: $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

Point-Slope Formula: $(y - y_1) = m(x - x_1)$

Slope-Intercept Formula: y = mx + b

Standard Equation of a Line: Ax + By = C

Arithmetic PropertiesAdditive Inverse:a + (-a) = 0Multiplicative Inverse: $a \cdot \frac{1}{a} = 1$ Commutative Property:a + b = b + a
 $a \cdot b = b \cdot a$ Associative Property:(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)
 $(a \cdot b) \cdot c = a \cdot (b \cdot c)$ Identity Property:a + 0 = a
 $a \cdot 1 = a$ Distributive Property: $a \cdot (b + c) = a \cdot b + a \cdot c$

Multiplicative Property of Zero: $a \cdot 0 = 0$

Additive Property of Equality: If a = b, then a + c = b + c

Multiplicative Property of Equality: If a = b, then $a \cdot c = b \cdot c$

ALGEBRA I MODULE 1 MULTIPLE-CHOICE ITEMS

- **1.** When *x* = 2, which expression can be completely simplified to $4\sqrt{5}$?
 - A. 2√5*x*
 - B. 2√10*x*
 - C. 5√2*x*
 - D. 8√5*x*

Item Information				Option Annotations
	Alignmen	t A1.1.	1.1.2	A student could determine the correct answer, option B, by
				substituting 2 in for x. Of the given answer choices, only $2\sqrt{10x}$
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 1			expands to $2\sqrt{5 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}$, which is equivalent to $4\sqrt{5}$.
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by making a simplification error. For example, a student could arrive at option D
Α	В	С	D	by incorrectly dividing both numerals in $8\sqrt{10}$ by 2, resulting in $4\sqrt{5}$.
17%	51%	7%	25%	

- **2.** The greatest common factor (GCF) of 2 monomials is $3x^2y$. One of the monomials is $3x^4y$. Which could be the other monomial?
 - A. 3*xy*²
 - B. $6x^2y^3$
 - C. $9x^{6}y^{2}$
 - D. $18x^6y^2$

	Item Infor	mation		Option Annotations
	•			A student could determine the correct answer, option B, by finding
	Answer Key B			a monomial in which the constant is a multiple of 3, the exponent for <i>x</i> is 2, and the exponent for <i>y</i> is any whole number. Of the given
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			answer choices, only $6x^2y^3$ meets all of these conditions.
	<i>p</i> -valu	Jes		A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly applying the GCF or by finding a monomial for which the given
Α	В	С	D	GCF is only a common factor and not the greatest common factor.
21%	38%	35%	6%	For example, a student could arrive at option C by incorrectly multiplying the given GCF ($3x^2y$) and the given monomial ($3x^4y$),
				resulting in $9x^6y^2$.

MODULE 1

- 3. The average distance from the Sun to Mercury is 57,909,227 km. The average distance from the Sun to Saturn is 1,426,666,422 km. Light travels at a speed of about 300,000 km per **second**. Which amount of time is the **closest estimate** of the difference between the number of **minutes** it takes light to travel from the Sun to Saturn and the number of **minutes** it takes light to travel from the Sun to Mercury?
 - A. 50 minutes
 - B. 80 minutes
 - C. 110 minutes
 - D. 140 minutes

Item Information				Option Annotations		
	Alignmer	nt A1.1.	1.4.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option B, by		
	Answer Key B			finding the difference in the two distances, 1,368,757,195 km, and dividing by the distance light travels in 1 minute, which is		
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			$300,000 \text{ km} \times 60 = 18,000,000 \text{ km}$. Of the given answer options,		
		•		80 minutes is the closest to the actual result of 76.042.		
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly		
Α	В	С	D	rounding the difference in distances. For example, a student		
13%	57%	17%	13%	could arrive at option C by rounding up to the next highest billion (2,000,000,000) and dividing by 18,000,000 to get 111.11, resultin		
				in a choice of 110 minutes.		

4. Simplify:

- $(3x^2 + 2x 8) (-x^2 + 6x + 4)$
- A. $2x^2 + 8x 4$
- B. $2x^2 + 8x 12$
- C. $4x^2 + 8x 4$
- D. $4x^2 4x 12$

	Item Info	rmation		Option Annotations
	Alignme	nt A1.1	1.5.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option D, by
				subtracting $3x^2$ and $-x^2$ to get $4x^2$, subtracting $2x$ and $6x$ to get $-4x$, and subtracting -8 and 4 to get -12 . Collecting these terms together results in $4x^2 - 4x - 12$.
Depth of Knowledge 1				
<i>p</i> -values				A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by performing an incorrect operation. For example, a student could arrive at
Α	В	С	D	option A by adding the polynomials instead of subtracting, resulting
19%	12%	15%	54%	in $(3x^2 + 2x - 8) + (-x^2 + 6x + 4) = 2x^2 + 8x - 4.$
	· I			

MODULE 1

- **5.** In an experiment, a plant grows 0.05 centimeter per day. The plant had a height of 2 centimeters when the experiment started. Which equation describes the relationship between the number of days (*d*) the experiment lasts and the height (*h*), in centimeters, of the plant?
 - A. h = 0.05d + 2
 - B. h = 0.05(2) + d
 - C. h = 2d + 0.05
 - D. *h* = 2.05*d*

	Item Inform	nation		Option Annotations
	Alignment A1.1.2.1.1			A student could determine the correct answer, option A,
				by multiplying the number of days (<i>d</i>) by the daily growth in centimeters (0.05) and adding the height, in centimeters, of the
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 1			plant when the experiment started (2). Setting the result equal to
				the height (<i>h</i>) gives the equation $h = 0.05d + 2$.
	<i>p</i> -valu	es		A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by combining the
Α	В	С	D	given information in the wrong order. For example, a student could
78%	10%	8%	4%	arrive at option B by multiplying the daily growth by the starting height and then adding the number of days. This leads to the
				equation $h = 0.05(2) + d$.

MODULE 1

6. Juanita used the steps shown below to correctly solve an equation. A step is missing.

$$-3(c-6) + 4c = 5(2c + 9)$$

?
 $c + 18 = 10c + 45$
 $c - 27 = 10c$
 $-27 = 9c$
 $-3 = c$

Which shows the equation that is **most likely** a missing step **and** the property that justifies the step?

- A. -3c 6 + 4c = 10c + 9; associative property of addition
- B. -3c + 18 + 4c = 10c + 45; associative property of addition
- C. -3c 6 + 4c = 10c + 9; distributive property
- D. -3c + 18 + 4c = 10c + 45; distributive property

	Item Info	rmation		Option Annotations		
	Alignme	ent A1.	.2.1.2	A student could determine the correct answer, option D, by taking		
				both c and -6 times -3 to get -3 c + 18, taking both 2 c and 9 times 5 to get 10 c + 45, and identifying the property used as the distributive property.		
Depth of Knowledge 2						
<i>p</i> -values				A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly identifying the property that justifies the missing step. For example,		
Α	В	С	D	a student could arrive at option B by correctly finding the missing		
5%	13%	10%	72%	step but incorrectly identifying the property used as the associative property of addition.		

7. Sylvia studied a new language. The equation below describes how many words she knew (y) after studying the language for x days.

y = 5x + 18

The ordered pair (6, 48) is a solution of the equation. What does the solution represent?

- A. Sylvia knew 6 words after 6 days.
- B. Sylvia knew 6 words after 48 days.
- C. Sylvia knew 48 words after 6 days.
- D. Sylvia knew 48 words after 48 days.

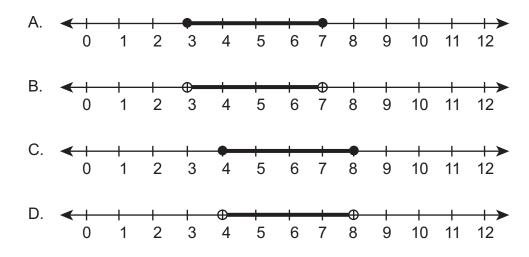
Item Information				Option Annotations
	Alignme	nt A1.1.	2.1.3	A student could determine the correct answer, option C, by
	Answer Key C			recognizing that 6 is the <i>x</i> -coordinate, which represents the number of days, and 48 is the <i>y</i> -coordinate, which represents the number of
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			words.
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly interpreting the coordinates. For example, a student could arrive at
Α	В	С	D	option B by incorrectly identifying 48 as x and 6 as y, leading to the
3%	14%	73%	10%	conclusion that Sylvia knew 6 words after 48 days.
				1

- 8. Christine sells a total of 50 tickets to a school play. Student tickets sell for \$1.50 each, and adult tickets sell for \$4.00 each. Christine made a total of \$112.50 in ticket sales. Christine writes a system of equations to represent this information. Which statement **best** describes the solution to the system of equations?
 - A. Christine sells 35 student tickets and 15 adult tickets.
 - B. Christine would earn \$200.00 by selling 50 adult tickets.
 - C. Christine sells a pair of tickets for between \$3.00 and \$8.00.
 - D. Christine could not earn \$112.50 by selling 50 student tickets.

	Item Inform	nation		Option Annotations
	-			A student could determine the correct answer, option A, by
	Answer Key	A A		creating a system of two equations to represent the number of each type of ticket sold ($x + y = 50$) and the money earned from
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			selling the tickets $(1.5x + 4y = 112.5)$ and then solving the system
	<i>p</i> -values			of equations (for example, substituting $y = 50 - x$ into the second equation) to get $x = 35$ (students) and $y = 15$ (adults).
Α	В	С	D	A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly
77%	10%	5%	8%	identifying a statement that does not represent the solution to the system of equations. For example, a student could arrive at
				option B by noticing that selling 50 adult tickets would result in earnings of \$200 but overlooking the fact that this would not match the total sales given (\$112.50).

MODULE 1

9. A plain pizza takes 10 minutes to bake. At least 2 minutes of baking time is required for each ounce of toppings added to the pizza. The total baking time for specialty pizzas is at least 18 minutes and at most 26 minutes. Which graph shows the possible number of ounces of all the toppings on specialty pizzas?



	Item Infor	mation		Option Annotations	
	Alignment A1.1.3.1.1		3.1.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option C, by setting	
Answer Key		y C		up and solving the inequality $18 \le 10 + 2x \le 26$ and graphing the solution set of $4 \le x \le 8$ as a closed interval on the number line.	
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2				
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly plottir the solution set. For example, a student could arrive at option D by misunderstanding that the endpoints need to be included in the	
A B		С	D	solution set, leading them to graph the solution with open circles as	
10%	10%	0% 63% 17%		endpoints.	
	<u> </u>				

- **10.** A cleaning service offers its customers a choice between two plans.
 - Plan A costs \$3,000 and includes 1 year of an unlimited number of cleanings.
 - Plan B costs \$75 per cleaning.

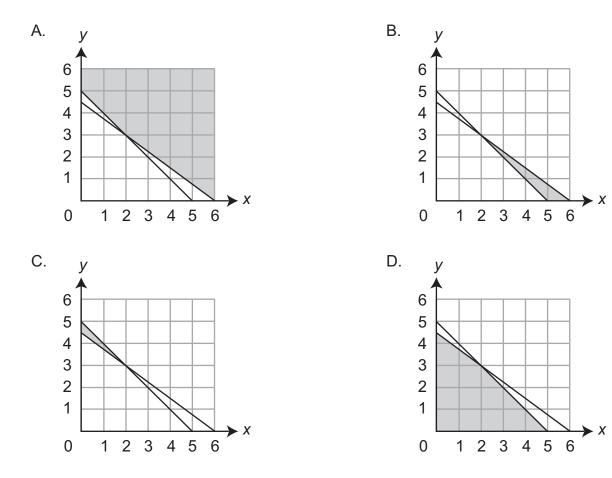
Henry wants to choose the less expensive plan. He uses the inequality 3,000 < 75c to decide which plan to choose based on the number of cleanings (*c*) he expects to need. Based on the solution of the inequality, which statement about Henry's choice of plan is true?

- A. Henry should choose Plan A only if he expects to need fewer than 40 cleanings in 1 year.
- B. Henry should choose Plan A only if he expects to need more than 40 cleanings in 1 year.
- C. Henry can choose either plan and pay the same amount if he expects to need fewer than 40 cleanings in 1 year.
- D. Henry can choose either plan and pay the same amount if he expects to need more than 40 cleanings in 1 year.

	Item Info	rmation		Option Annotations	
	Alignme	nt A1.1	.3.1.3	A student could determine the correct answer, option B, by setting	
Answer Key B			up and solving the inequality $3,000 < 75c$ and recognizing that the solution $40 < c$ represents the number of cleanings in 1 year that		
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			result in Plan A being cheaper than Plan B.	
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly interpreting the meaning of the inequality. For example, a studen	
A B		С	D	could arrive at option C by solving for the number of cleanings	
12%	12% 62% 16% 10%		10%	(c = 40) with the same cost for both plans but incorrectly thinking that the equality also applies to any smaller (positive) value of c.	

MODULE 1

11. Kelly is planning a business trip to Hartford, CT, and Boston, MA. She is going to stay no more than 5 nights on the trip. She estimates each night she stays at a hotel in Hartford will cost \$90, and each night she stays at a hotel in Boston will cost \$120. She wants to spend no more than \$540 for hotel stays. Which graph represents the possible combinations of nights she can spend in Hartford (*x*) and nights she can spend in Boston (*y*)?



	Item Infor	mation		Option Annotations		
	Alignment A1.1.3.		.3.2.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option D, by		
Answer Key		ey D		recognizing that the lines graphed represent the maximum values for nights $(x + y = 5)$ and money spent for hotel stays		
Depth of Knowledge 2			(90x + 120y = 540), thus leading the student to choose the shaded			
				region that lies below both lines.		
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly		
Α	A B		D	interpreting one or both of the conditions. For example, a student		
13%	13% 21% 15% 51%		51%	could arrive at option B by thinking that Kelly will stay a minimum of 5 nights, leading the student to choose the shaded region that lies		
				below the line $90x + 120y = 540$, but above the line $x + y = 5$.		

MODULE 1

12. A baker makes two types of doughnuts. It costs \$0.25 to make each glazed doughnut and \$0.30 to make each chocolate doughnut. The baker wants to make more than 200 doughnuts for the day but can spend no more than \$60.00 making them. The system of inequalities below describes the relationship between the number of glazed doughnuts (*x*) and the number of chocolate doughnuts (*y*) the baker could make for the day.

 $0.25x + 0.30y \le 60.00$

x + y > 200

One solution of the system of inequalities is the ordered pair (100, 110). Which statement **best** describes the meaning of the solution?

- A. The baker could make 100 glazed doughnuts and 110 chocolate doughnuts.
- B. The baker could earn \$100 from glazed doughnuts and \$110 from chocolate doughnuts.
- C. The baker can make a maximum of 100 glazed doughnuts and 110 chocolate doughnuts.
- D. The baker will spend exactly \$60 making 100 glazed doughnuts and 110 chocolate doughnuts.

Item Information					Option Annotations			
	Alignme	ent A1	.1.3.2	2.2	A student could determine the correct answer, option A, by			
Answer Key A					recognizing 100 as the <i>x</i> -coordinate (which represents the number of glazed doughnuts) and 110 as the <i>y</i> -coordinate (which			
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2				A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly interpreting the given solution. For example, a student could arrive			
	<i>p</i> -values							
A B		С		D	at option C by assuming that the given solution is optimal, leading			
60%	60% 8% 21% 11%		11%	them to think that the numbers of each type of doughnut are the maximum possible.				

CONSTRUCTED-RESPONSE ITEM

13. Perform the indicated tasks.

A. Simplify $\sqrt{120}$. Leave your answer in simplified radical form.

√<u>120</u> = _____

B. Simplify b^3b^4 . Give your answer with a single base and a single exponent. $b^{3}b^{4} =$ _____

Go to the next page to finish question 13.

13. *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

A list of real numbers is shown below.							
	3 √7	$\sqrt{54}$	(2\sqrt{2}) ²	$(\sqrt{5})^{3}$			
C. List the real numbers shown from least to greatest.							
least	t			greatest			
The value of <i>d</i> is is shown below.	a real num	ber such	that $\sqrt{0.8} \le c$	$d \leq \sqrt{0.9}$. A list of expressions			
	$\sqrt{d^2}$	$\sqrt{d^3}$	2√ <i>d</i>	$d^2\sqrt{d}$			
D. List the expres	sions sho	wn from le	ast to greate	est for all possible values of <i>d</i> .			

least

greatest

SCORING GUIDE

#13 ITEM INFORMATION

Alignment	A1.1.1	Depth of Knowledge	2	Mean Score	1.49
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ITEM-SPECIFIC SCORING GUIDELINE

Score	Description
4	The student demonstrates a thorough understanding of operations with real numbers and expressions by correctly solving problems.
3	The student demonstrates a general understanding of operations with real numbers and expressions by solving problems with only minor errors or omissions.
2	The student demonstrates a partial understanding of operations with real numbers and expressions by providing a portion of the correct problem solving.
1	The student demonstrates a minimal understanding of operations with real numbers and expressions.
0	The student does not demonstrate any understanding of operations with real numbers and expressions.

Top Scoring Student Response And Training Notes:

Score	Description							
4	Student earns 4 points.							
3	Student earns 3 points.							
2	Student earns 2 points.							
1	Student earns 1 point.							
0	Response is incorrect or contains some correct work that is irrelevant to the skill or concept being measured.							

Responses that will receive credit:

Part A (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

	What?	Why?
2√30		

Part B (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

What?	Why?		
b ⁷			

Part C (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

	Wha	at?		Why?
<u>√54</u>	3√7	$(2\sqrt{2})^2$	$\left(\sqrt{5}\right)^3$	
least			greatest	

Part D (1 point):

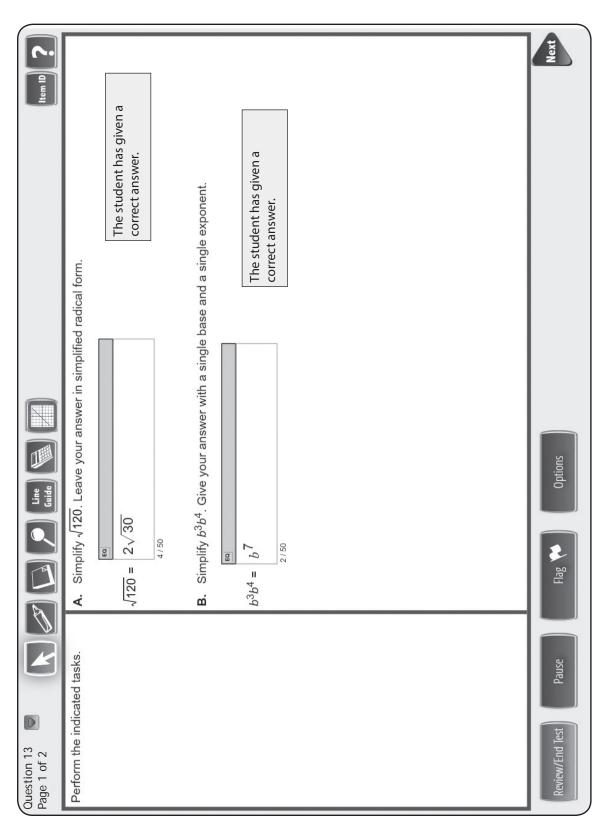
1 point for correct answer

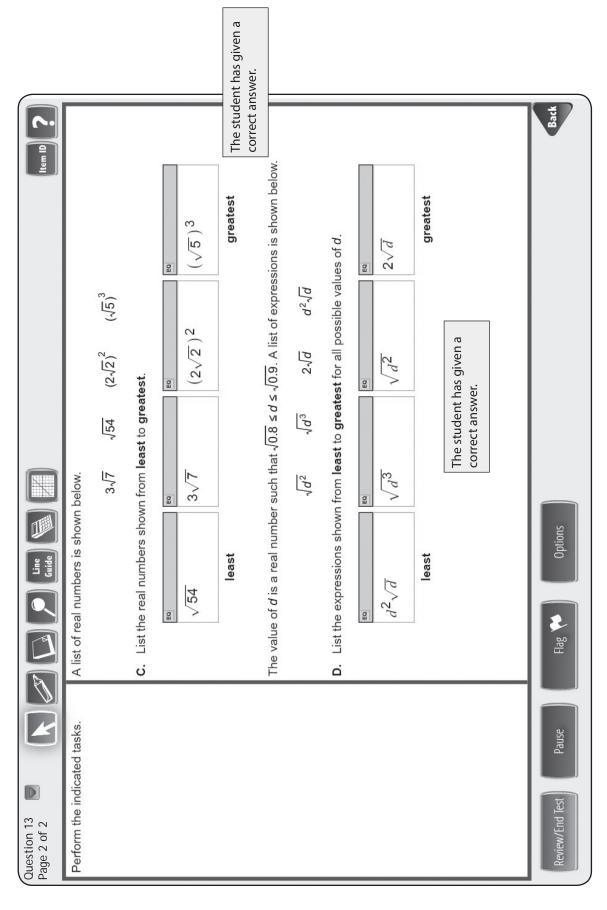
What?			Why?
$\sqrt{d^3}$ $\sqrt{d^2}$	$d^2\sqrt{d}$	$2\sqrt{d}$	
	least	greatest	

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 4 POINTS

PARTS A AND B

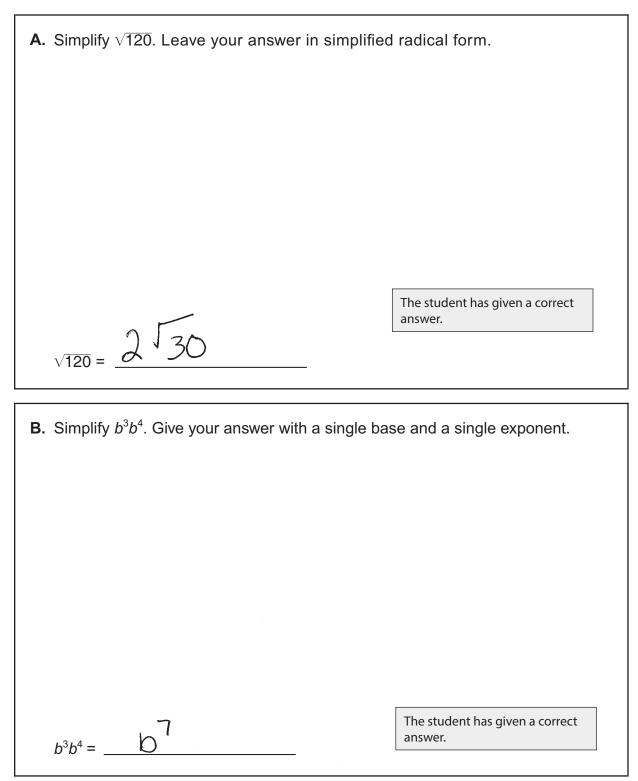




STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 3 POINTS

13. Perform the indicated tasks.



Go to the next page to finish question 13.

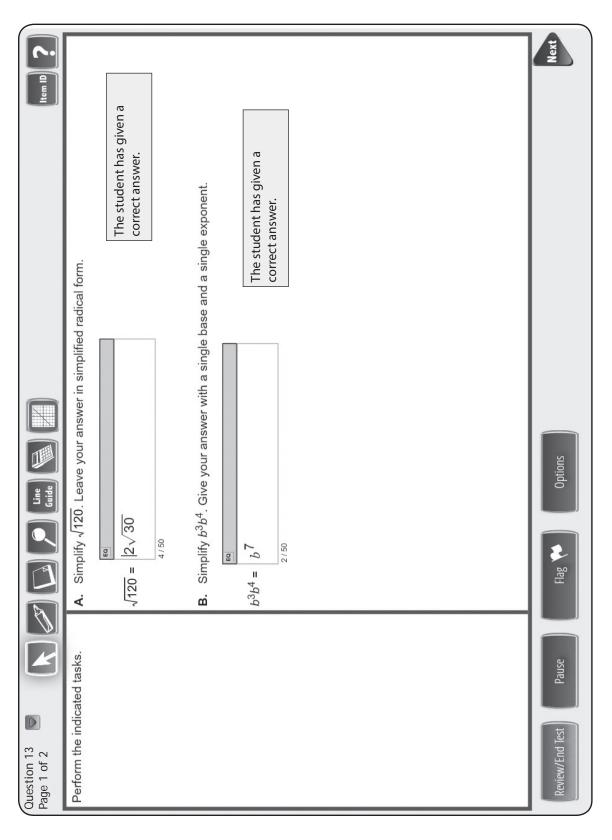
13. *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

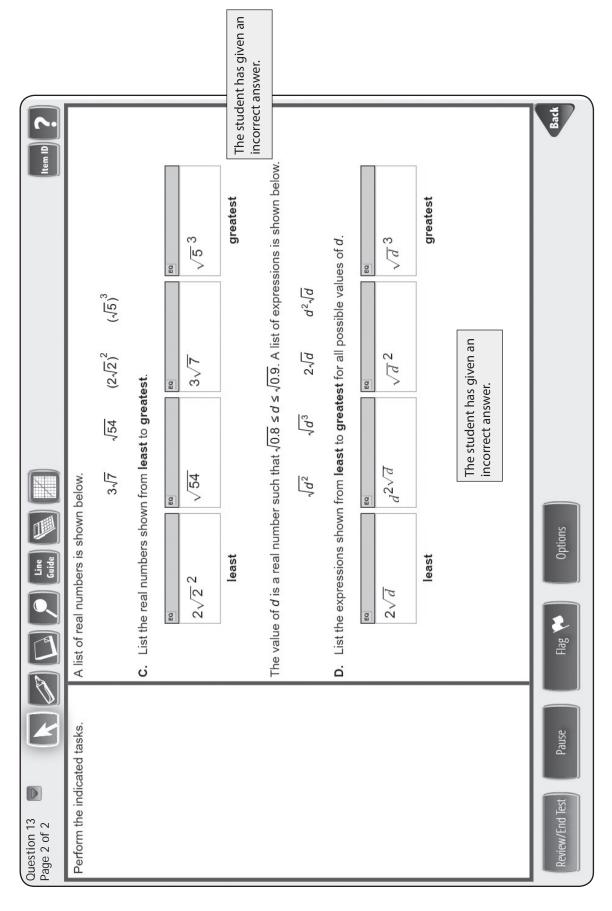
A list of real numbers is shown below. 317 1212 [15 least greatest The student has given a correct answer. The value of *d* is a real number such that $\sqrt{0.8} \le d \le \sqrt{0.9}$. A list of expressions is shown below. $\sqrt{d^2}$ $\sqrt{d^3}$ $2\sqrt{d}$ $d^2\sqrt{d}$ **D.** List the expressions shown from **least** to **greatest** for all possible values of d. d2/d 7/13 least greatest The student has given an incorrect answer.

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 2 POINTS

PARTS A AND B

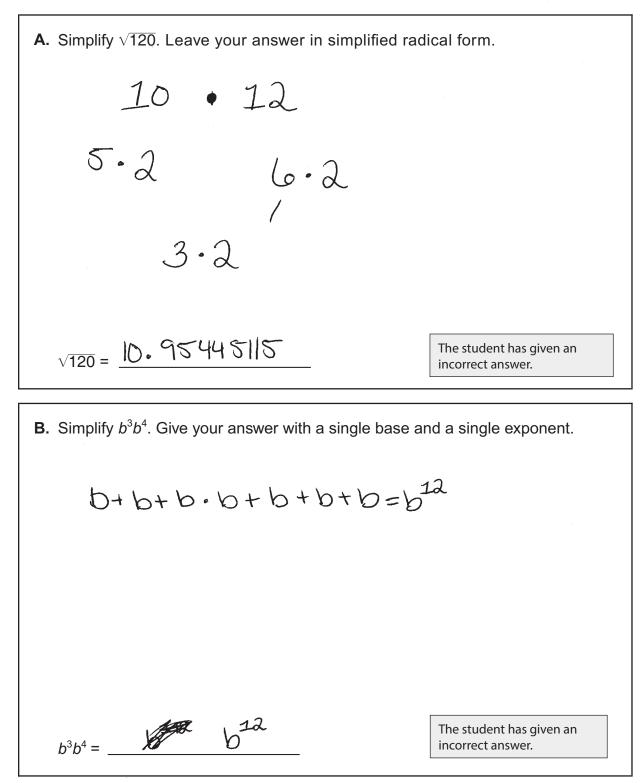




STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 1 POINT

13. Perform the indicated tasks.



Go to the next page to finish question 13.

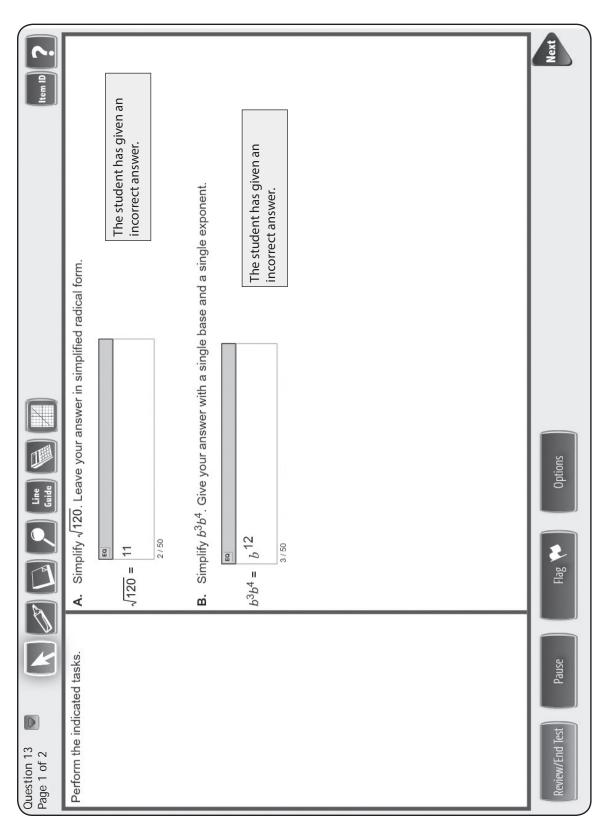
13. Continued. Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

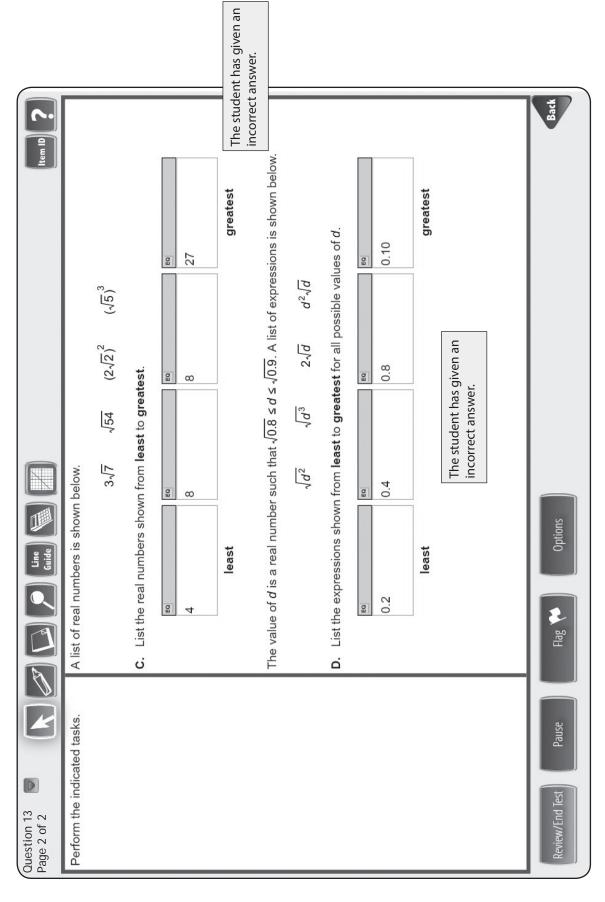
A list of real numbers is shown below. $\sqrt{54}$ $(2\sqrt{2})^2$ $(\sqrt{5})^3$ $3\sqrt{7}$ C. List the real numbers shown from least to greatest. .317=7.937253933 154=7.348469220 $(2\sqrt{2})^{a} = 4 (\sqrt{5})^{3} = 11.18033989$ $(\sqrt{5})^3$ (25))² 154 <u>3</u>57 least greatest The student has given an incorrect answer. The value of d is a real number such that $\sqrt{0.8} \le d \le \sqrt{0.9}$. A list of expressions 155417528 4 1302 is shown below. .5724334022 **D.** List the expressions shown from **least** to **greatest** for all possible values of *d*. 13 112 least greatest The student has given a correct answer.

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 0 POINTS

PARTS A AND B





CONSTRUCTED-RESPONSE ITEM

14. At an archery competition, archers get 7 points for each arrow that lands in the bull's-eye and 4 points for each arrow that lands in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. No points are awarded for arrows that miss both of these areas.

During the competition, Kelly had 41 arrows land in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. She scored a total of 206 points. To represent her performance, she wrote the system of linear equations shown below.

x + y = 41

4x + 7y = 206

A. What does the *y*-variable represent in Kelly's system of linear equations?

y-variable:

B. How many points did Kelly score during the competition for her arrows that landed in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye?

_____ points

Go to the next page to finish question 14.

14. *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

A second archer, Deshaun, had 12 arrows that landed in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. He scored a total of 72 points.

C. Write a system of two linear equations to represent Deshaun's performance. Let *x* and *y* have the same representation as they did in Kelly's system of linear equations in **part A**.

equation	1:	

equation 2:	
•	

A third archer, Lou, wrote a system of linear equations to represent his performance of scoring a total of 100 points. He solved the system of linear equations and found that the solution was (6, 8).

D. Explain how you know that Lou made a mistake in solving his system of equations.

SCORING GUIDE

#14 ITEM INFORMATION

Alig	nment	A1.1.2	Depth of Knowledge	2	Mean Score	2.02
------	-------	--------	--------------------	---	------------	------

ITEM-SPECIFIC SCORING GUIDELINE

Score	Description
4	The student demonstrates a thorough understanding of linear equations by correctly solving problems with clear and complete procedures and explanations when required.
3	The student demonstrates a general understanding of linear equations by solving problems and providing procedures and explanations with only minor errors or omissions.
2	The student demonstrates a partial understanding of linear equations by providing a portion of the correct problem solving, procedures, and explanations.
1	The student demonstrates a minimal understanding of linear equations.
0	The student does not demonstrate any evidence of understanding of linear equations.

Top Scoring Student Response And Training Notes:

Score	Description						
4	Student earns 4 points.						
3	Student earns 3.0 – 3.5 points.						
2	Student earns 2.0 – 2.5 points.						
1	Student earns 0.5 – 1.5 points. OR Student demonstrates minimal understanding of linear equations.						
0	Response is incorrect or contains some correct work that is irrelevant to the skill or concept being measured.						

Responses that will receive credit:

Part A (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

What?	Why?
the number of arrows that landed in the bull's-eye OR equivalent	

Part B (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

What?	Why?			
108 (points)				

Part C (1 point):

 $\frac{1}{2}$ point for <u>each</u> correct equation

	What?	Why?
x + y = 12	OR equivalent	
AND		
4x + 7y = 72	OR equivalent	
[Note: the order o	f the equations does not matter.]	

Part D (1 point):

1 point for correct and complete explanation

OR $\frac{1}{2}$ point for correct but incomplete explanation

What?	Why?
	 Sample Explanations: The ordered pair (6, 8) is not a solution for the equation 4x + 7y = 100. OR Hitting 6 rings and 8 bull's-eyes is worth only 80 points. [Note: (8, 6) is not a solution either]

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 4 POINTS

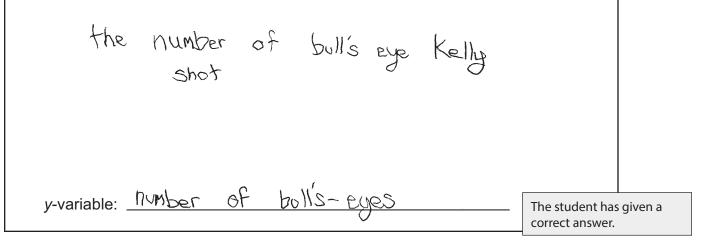
14. At an archery competition, archers get 7 points for each arrow that lands in the bull's-eye and 4 points for each arrow that lands in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. No points are awarded for arrows that miss both of these areas.

During the competition, Kelly had 41 arrows land in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. She scored a total of 206 points. To represent her performance, she wrote the system of linear equations shown below.

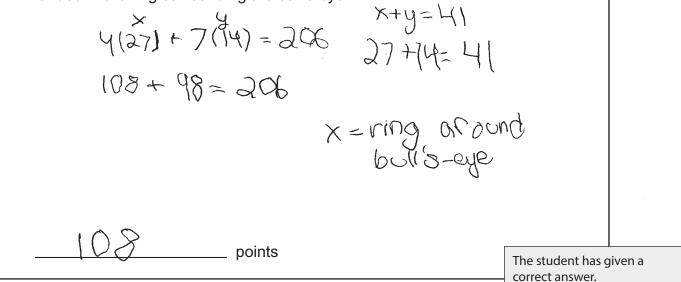
$$x + y = 41$$

 $4x + 7y = 206$

A. What does the *y*-variable represent in Kelly's system of linear equations?



B. How many points did Kelly score during the competition for her arrows that landed in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye?

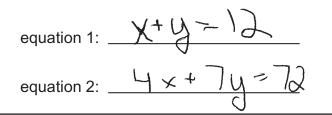


Go to the next page to finish question 14.

14. *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

A second archer, Deshaun, had 12 arrows that landed in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. He scored a total of 72 points.

C. Write a system of two linear equations to represent Deshaun's performance. Let *x* and *y* have the same representation as they did in Kelly's system of linear equations in **part A**.



The student has given two correct equations.

A third archer, Lou, wrote a system of linear equations to represent his performance of scoring a total of 100 points. He solved the system of linear equations and found that the solution was (6, 8).

D. Explain how you know that Lou made a mistake in solving his system of equations.

$$(6,8) \quad 4x + 7y = 100
4(6,8) \quad 4(6) + 7(8) = 100
24 + 56 = 80
80 \neq 100
The student has given a complete explanation (shows that a correct solution would be 80, not 100).$$

STUDENT RESPONSE

ALGEBRA I

RESPONSE SCORE: 3 POINTS

PARTS A AND B

Question 14 Page 1 of 3	Line Coulde	tem ID
At an archery competition, archers get 7 points for each arrow that lands in the bull's-eye and 4 points for each arrow that lands in the ring surrounding the bull's-eve. No points are awarded for	During the competition, Kelly had 41 arrows land in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. She scored a total of 206 points. To represent her performance, she wrote the system of linear equations shown below.	/e or the ring surrounding ormance, she wrote the
refer to points are awarded to we that miss both of these areas.	x + y = 41 4x + 7y = 206	
	A. What does the <i>y</i> -variable represent in Kelly's system of linear equations?	ations?
	y-variable: Stnad for how many arrow landed in the bullseye.	The student has given a correct answer
	B. How many points did Kelly score during the competition for her arrows that landed in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye?	rows that landed in the ring
	Eo 108	
	^{3/50} The student has given a correct answer.	
Review/End Test Pause Flag	g	Next

40

Item ID ?	ither the bull's-eye or the ring shaun's performance. Let x and y of linear equations in part A.	Back Next
Line Cuide	A second archer, Deshaun, had 12 arrows that landed in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. He scored a total of 72 points. C. Write a system of two linear equations to represent Deshaun's performance. Let x and y have the same representation as they did in Kelly's system of linear equations in part A. equation 1: $\begin{bmatrix} x + y = 12 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ equation 2: $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ 4x + 7y = 72 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ equation 2: $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ 4x + 7y = 72 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ The student has given two curves the structure of the student has given two curves the system of the student has given two curves the system of the student has given two curves the structure of the student has given two curves the structure of the student has given two curves the structure of the st	Flag 🎺 🛛 Options
Question 14 Page 2 of 3	At an archery competition, archers get 7 points for each arrow that lands in the bull's-eye and 4 points for each arrow that lands in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. No points are awarded for arrows that miss both of these areas.	Review/End Test Pause Hi

ltem ID 7	performance of scoring nd that the solution ∍m of equations.		it is wrong is he	 		Back
D Cuide D Cuide	A third archer, Lou, wrote a system of linear equations to represent his performance of scoring a total of 100 points. He solved the system of linear equations and found that the solution was (6, 8). D. Explain how you know that Lou made a mistake in solving his system of equations.	60	If you take 6*4 you get 24, if you take 8*7 you get 56. The reason why it is wrong is he did not use 2 equations.		The student has given a correct but incomplete explanation (does not show that the total would be 80, or say that the total would not equal 100).	g
Question 14 Page 3 of 3	At an archery competition, archers get 7 points for each arrow that lands in the bull's-eye and 4 points for each arrow that lands in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. No points are awarded for arrows that miss both of these areas	מורכאס גומר ווויסט סכנור טן גורפטר מוכמט.				Review/End Test Pause Pause

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STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 2 POINTS

14. At an archery competition, archers get 7 points for each arrow that lands in the bull's-eye and 4 points for each arrow that lands in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. No points are awarded for arrows that miss both of these areas.

During the competition, Kelly had 41 arrows land in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. She scored a total of 206 points. To represent her performance, she wrote the system of linear equations shown below.

x + y = 414x + 7y = 206

A. What does the *y*-variable represent in Kelly's system of linear equations?

<i>y</i> -variable:	the	bills-eye	The student has given a corre	ect
,		0	answer.	

B. How many points did Kelly score during the competition for her arrows that landed in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye?

. 0		
<u> </u>	points	The student has given an incorrect answer.

Go to the next page to finish question 14.

14. *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

A second archer, Deshaun, had 12 arrows that landed in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. He scored a total of 72 points.

C. Write a system of two linear equations to represent Deshaun's performance. Let *x* and *y* have the same representation as they did in Kelly's system of linear equations in **part A**.

equation 1: $\chi_{+}\chi_{-}=\Gamma_{-}$ 4x + 8y = 72equation 2: _

The student has given one correct equation (equation 2 is incorrect).

A third archer, Lou, wrote a system of linear equations to represent his performance of scoring a total of 100 points. He solved the system of linear equations and found that the solution was (6, 8).

D. Explain how you know that Lou made a mistake in solving his system of equations.

a mistalle hen ever he has le nd & ring Scrroundings fe he does not have loc because 100 The student has given a correct but incomplete explanation (the student has used the ordered pair (8, 6) rather than (6, 8), but has

correctly concluded that the solution would not equal 100).

STUDENT RESPONSE

ALGEBRA I

RESPONSE SCORE: 1 POINT

PARTS A AND B

tem D	During the competition, Kelly had 41 arrows land in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. She scored a total of 206 points. To represent her performance, she wrote the system of linear equations shown below. x + y = 41 4x + 7y = 206	What does the <i>y</i> -variable represent in Kelly's system of linear equations?	number of points she got. incorrect answer.	B. How many points did Kelly score during the competition for her arrows that landed in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye? 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 2	Next
Ouestion 14 Image Image Image Page 1 of 3 Image Image Image	At an archery competition, archers get During the com 7 points for each arrow that lands in the bull's-eye. S bull's-eye and 4 points for each arrow system of linear that lands in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. No points are awarded for arrows that miss both of these areas.	A. What does	y-variable:	B. How many points did K surrounding the bull's-eye? 27	Review/End Test Pause Flag 🚺 Options



Item ID	l in either the bull's-eye or the ring nts.	it Deshaun's performance. Let <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> stem of linear equations in part A .							The student has given two correct equations.			Back
Cuide	A second archer, Deshaun, had 12 arrows that landed in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. He scored a total of 72 points.	C. Write a system of two linear equations to represent Deshaun's performance. Let <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> have the same representation as they did in Kelly's system of linear equations in part A .	ED	equation 1: x+y=12	12/50	EQ	equation 2: 4x+7y=72	16 / 50	The stude two correc			Options
r ¹⁴	he			equat			equat					 Review/End Test Pause Flag 🏞
Question 14 Page 2 of 3	At an al 7 points bull's-ey	that lan bull's-e arrows										Review/

PART D

_				
Item ID ?	coring n			Back
Ite	A third archer, Lou, wrote a system of linear equations to represent his performance of scoring a total of 100 points. He solved the system of linear equations and found that the solution was (6, 8). D. Explain how you know that Lou made a mistake in solving his system of equations.	eve		
	ird archer, Lou, wrote a system of linear equations to represent his performance of tal of 100 points. He solved the system of linear equations and found that the soluti (6, 8). Explain how you know that Lou made a mistake in solving his system of equations.	ted he didnt keep count of the score he dot inside the target surgunded by the bull's-eve		
	represent tions and tions and	surounded		
	uations to near equa stake in sc	the target	tolanation	
	f linear eq ystem of li nade a mis	not inside	correct ex	
	a system o olved the s that Lou r	score he	The student has given an incorrect explanation.	
	ou, wrote a ints. He so you know	ount of the	ident has	Options
Line	l archer, Lo of 100 po (, 8). cplain how	Int keep oo	The stu	ď
		te did	86 / 1000	Flag 🍾
N	chers get nds in the ch arrow ling the ded for			
	At an archery competition, archers get 7 points for each arrow that lands in the bull's-eye and 4 points for each arrow that lands in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. No points are awarded for arrows that miss both of these areas.			Pause
	nery comp or each arr and 4 poi in the ring No points			d Test
Ouestion 14 Page 3 of 3	At an arch 7 points for bull's-eye that lands bull's-eye. arrows tha			Review/End Test

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STUDENT RESPONSE

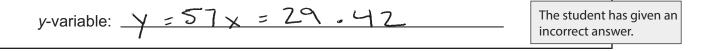
RESPONSE SCORE: 0 POINTS

14. At an archery competition, archers get 7 points for each arrow that lands in the bull's-eye and 4 points for each arrow that lands in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. No points are awarded for arrows that miss both of these areas.

During the competition, Kelly had 41 arrows land in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. She scored a total of 206 points. To represent her performance, she wrote the system of linear equations shown below.

x + y = 414x + 7y = 206

A. What does the *y*-variable represent in Kelly's system of linear equations?



B. How many points did Kelly score during the competition for her arrows that landed in the ring surrounding the bull's-eye?

7 points	The student has given an incorrect answer.

Go to the next page to finish question 14.

14. *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

A second archer, Deshaun, had 12 arrows that landed in either the bull's-eye or the ring surrounding the bull's-eye. He scored a total of 72 points.

C. Write a system of two linear equations to represent Deshaun's performance. Let *x* and *y* have the same representation as they did in Kelly's system of linear equations in **part A**.

equation 1:	
equation 2: 12 · 72	The student has given no correct equations.

A third archer, Lou, wrote a system of linear equations to represent his performance of scoring a total of 100 points. He solved the system of linear equations and found that the solution was (6, 8).

D. Explain how you know that Lou made a mistake in solving his system of equations.

The student has given an incorre explanation.	rect

ALGEBRA I MODULE 1—SUMMARY DATA

MULTIPLE-CHOICE

Sample		Answer	Depth of	<i>p</i> -values					
Number	Alignment	Кеу	Knowledge	Α	В	С	D		
1	A1.1.1.1.2	В	1	17%	51%	7%	25%		
2	A1.1.1.2.1	В	2	21%	38%	35%	6%		
3	A1.1.1.4.1	В	2	13%	57%	17%	13%		
4	A1.1.1.5.1	D	1	19%	12%	15%	54%		
5	A1.1.2.1.1	А	1	78%	10%	8%	4%		
6	A1.1.2.1.2	D	2	5%	13%	10%	72%		
7	A1.1.2.1.3	С	2	3%	14%	73%	10%		
8	A1.1.2.2.2	А	2	77%	10%	5%	8%		
9	A1.1.3.1.1	С	2	10%	10%	63%	17%		
10	A1.1.3.1.3	В	2	12%	62%	16%	10%		
11	A1.1.3.2.1	D	2	13%	21%	15%	51%		
12	A1.1.3.2.2	А	2	60%	8%	21%	11%		

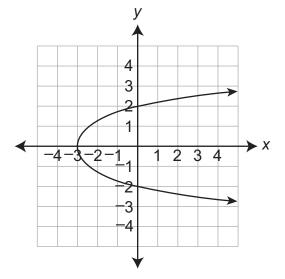
CONSTRUCTED-RESPONSE

Sample Number	Alignment	Points	Depth of Knowledge	Mean Score
13	A1.1.1	4	2	1.49
14	A1.1.2	4	2	2.02

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ALGEBRA I MODULE 2 MULTIPLE-CHOICE ITEMS

1. A graph of a relation is shown below.



Which statement about the relation is true?

- A. The relation is not a function of *x* because all functions are linear.
- B. The relation is a function of *x* because values of *x* increase toward infinity.
- C. The relation is a function of *x* because each value of *y* corresponds to one value of *x*.
- D. The relation is not a function of *x* because more than one value of *y* may correspond to the same value of *x*.

Item Information				Option Annotations	
	Alignme	nt A1.2	1.1.2	A student could determine the correct answer, option D, by	
Answer Key		ey D		recalling that a function assigns at most one <i>y</i> -value to any <i>x</i> -value and recognizing that the graph contains points with the same	
Depth of Knowledge 2			x-value but different y-values, such as (0, 2) and (0, -2).		
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly applying the definition of a function. For example, a student	
Α	В	С	D	could arrive at option C by incorrectly reversing the roles of x and	
16%	18%	25%	41%	y and then noticing that for any value of y , only one value of x corresponds to a point on the graph.	

2. A relation is shown below.

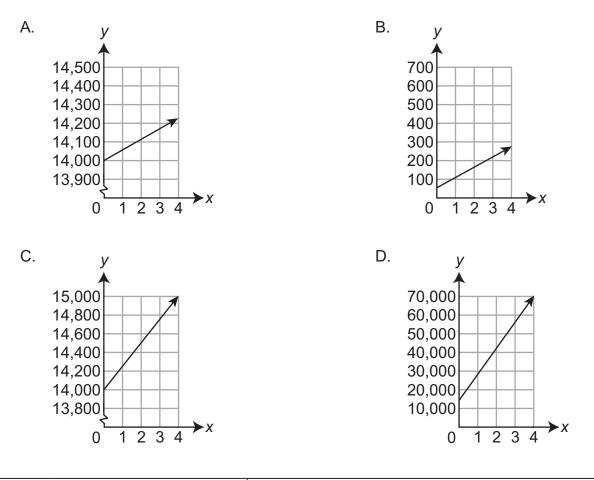
{(2, 140), (5, 350), (14, 980)}

What is the domain of the relation?

- A. {2, 5, 14}
- B. {140, 350, 980}
- C. {all whole numbers from 2 to 14}
- D. {all whole numbers from 140 to 980}

Item Information				Option Annotations			
AlignmentA1.2.1.1.3Answer KeyADepth of Knowledge2		1.1.3	A student could determine the correct answer, option A, by listing				
		ey A		the <i>x</i> -coordinates from all the points in the relation, making the set {2, 5, 14}.			
		je 2					
<i>p</i> -values				A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly usin the definition of domain. For example, a student could arrive at option B by listing the <i>y</i> -coordinates from all the points in the			
Α	В	С	D	relation, {140, 350, 980}, giving the range instead of the domain.			
62%	18%	13%	7%				

3. At the beginning of a road trip, there are 14,000 miles on Denny's car. During the trip, Denny drives his car at an average speed of 55 miles per hour. Which graph best shows the total number of miles (*y*) on the car as a function of the number of hours (*x*) Denny drives at 55 miles per hour?



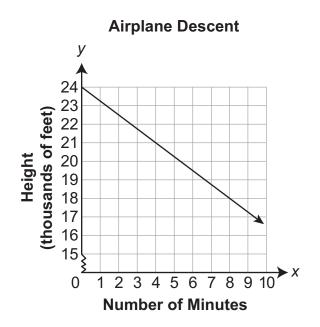
	Item Info	rmation		Option Annotations
	Alignme	nt A1.2.	1.2.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option A, by
	Answer K	ey A		recognizing the beginning number of miles (14,000) as the y-intercept of the graph and the speed (55) as the slope. Option A
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			is the only graph that matches both these conditions.
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly
Α	A B C D		D	calculating the slope or y-intercept for the given situation. For
67%	67% 10% 18% 5%		5%	example, a student could arrive at option C by incorrectly using
				$\frac{14,000}{55}$ as the slope of the function.

- **4.** Edwin drove 261 miles from city X to city Y in 4.5 hours. He continued driving at the same average speed and drove another 145 miles from city Y to city Z. What is the total amount of time Edwin spent driving from city X to city Z?
 - A. 4.9 hours
 - B. 6.3 hours
 - C. 7 hours
 - D. 9 hours

	Item Inform	nation		Option Annotations
	Alignmen	t A1.2.	2.1.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option C, by
	Answer Key C			dividing 261 miles by 4.5 hours to get an average speed of 58 miles per hour, dividing 145 by 58 to get 2.5 additional hours traveled,
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			and adding 2.5 to 4.5 to get 7 total hours.
	p-values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly using the number of miles or number of hours given. For example, a
Α	A B C		D	student could arrive at option B by dividing 261 by 145 to get 1.8
8%	8% 22% 60% 10%		10%	and then adding the result to 4.5 to get a total of 6.3 hours.



5. The graph below shows the relationship between the number of minutes (x) that have passed since an airplane began its descent and the height above ground (y), in feet, of the airplane.

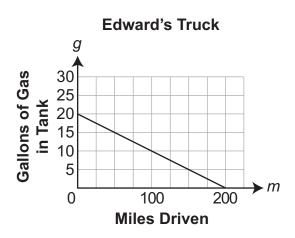


Based on the graph, how long after it starts its descent will the airplane reach a height of 3,000 feet?

- A. 14 minutes
- B. 16 minutes
- C. 28 minutes
- D. 32 minutes

	Item Inform	ation		Option Annotations
	Alignment	A1.2.2	2.1.2	A student could determine the correct answer, option C, by finding
	Answer Key	С		a slope of $-\frac{3}{4}$ and a <i>y</i> -intercept of 24 for the line and then solving
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			the equation $3 = -\frac{3}{4}x + 24$ to find $x = 28$.
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly
Α	В	С	D	
21%	23%	43%	13%	calculating the slope or <i>y</i> -intercept of the graph. For example, a
			•	student could arrive at option B by incorrectly calculating a slope
				of $-\frac{4}{3}$ and solving $3 = -\frac{4}{3}x + 24$ to get $x = 15.75$ and then rounding
				to 16.

6. The graph on the coordinate grid below shows the number of gallons of gas (g) remaining in the tank of Edward's truck based on the number of miles (m) he has driven it.

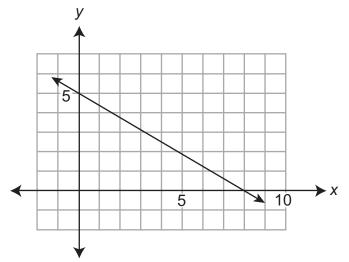


Which equation describes the graph?

- A. $g = 20 \frac{1}{10}m$
- B. $g = 20 + \frac{1}{10}m$
- C. g = 200 10m
- D. *g* = 200 + 10*m*

	Item Info	rmatior	1		Option Annotations
	Alignme	nt A1	2.2.1	.3	A student could determine the correct answer, option A, by
	Answer K	ey A	A		calculating a slope of $\frac{-20}{200} = \frac{-1}{10}$ for the line and using the
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			200 10 y-intercept of 20 to write the linear equation $g = 20 - \frac{1}{10}m$.	
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly	
Α	В	С		D	
56%	15%	22%		7%	calculating the slope or <i>y</i> -intercept of the graph. For example, a
					student could arrive at option C by reversing the roles of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> when calculating slope and <i>y</i> -intercept, giving a <i>y</i> -intercept of 200
					and slope of -10, leading to the equation $g = 200 - 10m$.

7. The graph of a line is shown below.

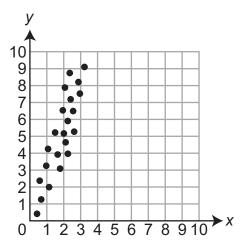


What is the *y*-intercept of the line?

- A. $-\frac{8}{5}$ B. $-\frac{5}{8}$ C. 5
- D. 8

	Item Information			Option Annotations
	Alignme	nt A1.2.	2.1.4	A student could determine the correct answer, option C, by
	Answer Key C			noticing that the graph intersects the <i>y</i> -axis at 5.
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 1			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by misunderstanding
	<i>p</i> -values			the definition of <i>y</i> -intercept. For example, the student could arrive
Α	В	С	D	at option B by confusing <i>y</i> -intercept with slope and then calculating
4%	4% 9% 82		5%	a slope of $\frac{-5}{8}$.
				8

8. A scatter plot is shown below.



Which equation describes the line of best fit for the scatter plot?

- A. y = 0.37x 4
- B. *y* = 0.37*x*
- C. y = 2.7x 4
- D. *y* = 2.7*x*

Item Infor	rmation		Option Annotations
Alignme	nt A1.2	.2.2.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option D, by finding
			which equation defines a line that most closely follows the points plotted. Considering that $y = 2.7x$ goes through the points (0, 0) and
Depth of Knowledge 2			(3, 8.1), option D best fits the points on the scatter plot.
<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly analyzing the data or incorrectly calculating the equation. For
A B C D		D	example, the student could arrive at option B by using the points $(0, 0)$ and $(3, 8.1)$ but reversing <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> in the definition of slope, leading to the equation $y = 0.37x$.
		43%	
	Alignme Answer Ke Knowledg <i>p</i> -valu B	Answer Key D Knowledge 2 p-values B C	AlignmentA1.2.2.2.1Answer KeyDKnowledge2p-valuesBCD

- **9.** The range of the weights, in pounds, of all the goats on a farm is 180. Which statement about the weights of the goats is **most likely** true?
 - A. The heaviest goat on the farm weighs 180 pounds.
 - B. Exactly 50% of the goats on the farm weigh less than 90 pounds.
 - C. Exactly 50% of the goats on the farm weigh within 180 pounds of each other.
 - D. There is a goat on the farm that weighs 180 pounds more than another goat on the farm.

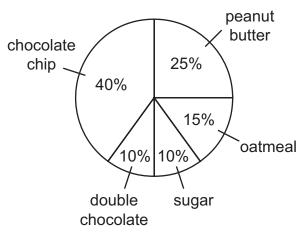
	Item Infor	mation		Option Annotations
	Alignme	nt A1.2.	3.1.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option D, by
	Answer Key D			identifying the range in this context as the difference between the highest and lowest weights of all the goats. Therefore, the heaviest
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			goat weighs 180 pounds more than the lightest goat.
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly identifying the definition of range. For example, the student could
Α	A B C D		D	arrive at option C by confusing range with interquartile range.
12%	12% 21% 31% 36%		36%	
	•			

MODULE 2

10. The number of cookies sold at a bakery each day last week is listed below.

264 203 318 502 341 173 299

The circle graph below represents the types of cookies sold during the entire week.



Based on the data and the circle graph, how many more chocolate chip cookies than oatmeal cookies will **most likely** be sold during one day next week?

- A. 25
- B. 75
- C. 125
- D. 275

	Item Infor	mation		Option Annotations
	Alignme	nt A1.2.	3.2.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option B, by finding
	Answer Key B			the mean of the daily cookie sales $(2,100 \div 7 = 300)$, finding the difference in the percent of chocolate chip and percent of oatmeal
Depth o	Depth of Knowledge 2			cookies $(40\% - 15\% = 25\%)$, and then multiplying the results to
				get 75.
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly
Α	A B C D		D	calculating the percent difference or incorrectly using the data for daily cookie sales. For example, the student could arrive at option A by correctly calculating the difference of 25% for chocolate chip
27%	27% 43% 21% 9%		9%	
				and oatmeal cookies but ignoring the total number of cookies sold.

Cookie Sales

- **11.** Kari asked 6 of her friends how many movies they watched during the summer. Kari determined the following measures about the number of movies watched by the 6 friends.
 - mean: 9
 - median: 8
 - range: 16

The 3 friends who watched the most movies over the summer watched 18, 15, and 12 movies. How many movies were watched by each of the other 3 friends?

- A. 1, 4, 4
- B. 2, 2, 5
- C. 2, 3, 4
- D. 2, 4, 4

	Item Inform	ation		Option Annotations
	Alignment	A1.2.	3.2.2	A student could determine the correct answer, option C, by using
	Answer Key	С		the range to find a minimum value of 2 ($18 - 2 = 16$); using the median to find that the third lowest value is 4 (the average of
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			4 and 12 is 8); and using the mean to find that the sum of all the values is 54 (9×6), so the remaining value is 3.
	<i>p</i> -value	c		A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by not using all
		3		
Α	В	С	D	of the given measures correctly. For example, the student could
13%	13% 19% 51% 17%		17%	arrive at option B by finding the minimum value of 2, using the mean to find that the remaining three numbers must have a sum of
				9 (9 × 6 – 18 – 15 – 12), then selecting option B without checking to see that it leads to a median of 8.5 rather than 8.

12. A clothing store employee opens a box containing 20 brown, 15 gray, 15 blue, and 10 white shirts. The employee randomly selects 3 shirts from the box to place on a store shelf. Which expression could be used to determine the probability that the employee selects 3 brown shirts?

A.	$\frac{20}{60}$	$\frac{19}{60}$	18 60
B.	$\frac{20}{60}$.	$\frac{19}{59}$	18 58
C.	$\frac{20}{60}$.	$\frac{20}{60}$	20 60
D.	$\frac{20}{60}$	$\frac{20}{59}$	20 58

	Item Inform	ation		Option Annotations
	Alignment	A1.2.	3.3.1	A student could determine the correct answer, option B, by finding
Answer Key B			the total number of shirts $(20 + 15 + 15 + 10 = 60)$ and recognizing that the number of brown shirts and the total number of shirts both	
Depth of	Depth of Knowledge 2			decrease by 1 each time a brown shirt is drawn. Only option B
				gives the correct product of the probabilities at each step.
	<i>p</i> -values			A student could arrive at an incorrect answer by incorrectly finding
Α	A B C		D	the number of shirts or number of brown shirts at each step. For
20%	20% 53% 19% 8%		8%	example, the student could arrive at option A by decreasing the number of brown shirts at each step but not decreasing the total
				number of shirts.

CONSTRUCTED-RESPONSE ITEM

13. Kent listed the coordinates of all the light poles in his town, relative to the center of town. Kent notes that the poles located at the points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need repairs.

A. What is the domain of this relation?
domain:
B. Which pole should Kent remove from his list in order to have the remaining poles lie in a straight line?
pole coordinates:

Go to the next page to finish question 13.

Algebra	

13.	Continued.	Please	refer to	o the	previous	page for	or task	explanation.
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Kent would like a pole to be placed at coordinates $(x, 0)$.
C. What should be the value of x in order for this pole to fall in line with the other three remaining poles from part B?
x =
D. What is the equation of the line that connects the locations of these four poles?
equation:

MODULE 2

SCORING GUIDE

#13 ITEM INFORMATION

Alignment	A1.2.1	Depth of Knowledge	3	Mean Score	1.67
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ITEM-SPECIFIC SCORING GUIDELINE

Score	Description
4	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of how to analyze a set of data for the existence of a pattern and represent the pattern algebraically and/or graphically; identify the domain or range of a relation; and translate from one representation of a linear function to another by correctly solving problems and clearly explaining procedures.
3	Demonstrates a general understanding of how to analyze a set of data for the existence of a pattern and represent the pattern algebraically and/or graphically; identify the domain or range of a relation; and translate from one representation of a linear function to another by correctly solving problems and clearly explaining procedures with only minor errors or omissions.
2	Demonstrates a partial understanding of how to analyze a set of data for the existence of a pattern and represent the pattern algebraically and/or graphically; identify the domain or range of a relation; and translate from one representation of a linear function to another by correctly performing a significant portion of the required task.
1	Demonstrates minimal understanding of how to analyze a set of data for the existence of a pattern and represent the pattern algebraically and/or graphically; identify the domain or range of a relation; and translate from one representation of a linear function to another.
0	The response has no correct answer and insufficient evidence to demonstrate any understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures as required by the task. Response may show only information copied from the question.

Top Scoring Student Response And Training Notes:

Score	Description	
4	Student earns 4 points.	
3	Student earns 3 points.	
2	Student earns 2 points.	
1	Student earns 1 point.	
0	Response is incorrect or contains some correct work that is irrelevant to the skill or concept being measured.	

Responses that will receive credit:

Part A (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

What?	Why?
{1, 2, 4}	

Part B (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

What?	Why?
(2, 8)	

Part C (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

What?	Why?
-1	

Part D (1 point):

1 point for correct answer

What?	Why?
y = 2x + 2 OR equivalent	

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 4 POINTS

13. Kent listed the coordinates of all the light poles in his town, relative to the center of town. Kent notes that the poles located at the points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need repairs.

A. What is the domain of this relation?	
domain: <u> </u>	The student has given a correct answer (listing 2 in the set twice is acceptable).
B. Which pole should Kent remove from his list in c poles lie in a straight line?	order to have the remaining
pole coordinates: $(2,8)$	The student has given a correct answer.

Go to the next page to finish question 13.

|--|

13. *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

Kent would like a pole to be placed at coordinates (x, 0). **C.** What should be the value of *x* in order for this pole to fall in line with the other three remaining poles from part B? The student has given a correct x = (-1, 0)answer (showing the value of x in the ordered pair is acceptable). D. What is the equation of the line that connects the locations of these four poles? $y = 2x + \lambda$ The student has given a correct equation: _ equation.

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 3 POINTS

ltem 10	poles located at the						Next
Line Conide	Kent listed the coordinates of all the light poles in his town, relative to the center of town. Kent notes that the poles located at the points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need repairs.		The student has given an incorrect answer.	6/50 B. Which pole should Kent remove from his list in order to have the remaining poles lie in a straight line?		The student has given a correct answer.	Options
Question 13 Page 1 of 2	Kent listed the coordinates of all the light pole: points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need rep	A. What is the domain of this relation?	domain: 2and 1	6/50 B. Which pole should Kent remove from his I	pole coordinates: (2,8)		Review/End Test

MODULE 2

PARTS C AND D

	_								 	
ltem ID ?	Эг									Back
	Kent listed the coordinates of all the light poles in his town, relative to the center of town. Kent notes that the poles located at the points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need repairs.		rt B?							
	s that the pole		C. What should be the value of x in order for this pole to fall in line with the other three remaining poles from part B ?							
	wn. Kent note		ee remaining							
	e center of to		the other thre		four poles?					
	relative to th		all in line with	s given a	ions of these			given a		Options
Line Guide	is in his town, pairs.	lates (x, 0).	this pole to f	The student has given a correct answer.	ects the locat			The student has given a correct equation.		
	the light pole (1, 4) need re	ced at coordir	f x in order foi	Th co	line that conn	-		The		Flag
	Kent listed the coordinates of all the light poles in hi points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need repairs.	Kent would like a pole to be placed at coordinates $(x, 0)$.	e the value of		D. What is the equation of the line that connects the locations of these four poles?	+ 2				Pause
on 13 🥃 of 2	isted the coo (2, 6), (4, 10	vould like a p	/hat should b	20	/hat is the eq	$\begin{array}{c} \hline x \\ y = 2x + 2 \end{array}$	6 / 50			Review/End Test
Ouestion 13 Page 2 of 2	Kent I points	Kent v	≤	$x = \frac{1}{2^{2/50}}$	D.	equation:				Review

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 2 POINTS

13. Kent listed the coordinates of all the light poles in his town, relative to the center of town. Kent notes that the poles located at the points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need repairs.

A. What is the domain of this relation?	
domain: $(\underline{\epsilon}1, 2, and \underline{4}, \underline{3})$	The student has given a correct answer.
B. Which pole should Kent remove from his list in ord poles lie in a straight line?	der to have the remaining
	-
pole coordinates: $(2, 8)$	The student has given a correct answer.

Go to the next page to finish question 13.

ALGEBRA

13. *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

Kent would like a pole to be placed at coordinates (x , ()).
C. What should be the value of x in order for this pole three remaining poles from part B?	to fall in line with the other
x =	The student has given an incorrect answer.
D. What is the equation of the line that connects the lepoles?	ocations of these four
	The student has given an incorrect
equation: $\underline{\mathcal{U}} = \mathcal{X} \cdot \mathcal{X} + \mathcal{Z}$	equation.

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 1 POINT

					_			1.6
ltem ID								Next
Iter	it the							
	ocated a							
	poles lo							
	that the				t line?			
	nt notes				ı straight			
	own. Kei				s lie in a			
	nter of to		The student has given an incorrect answer.		ng pole		ven an	
	o the cei		int has g answer.		remain		nt has gi inswer.	
	elative to		The student has g incorrect answer.		ave the		The student has given an incorrect answer.	Options
Line Guide	town, r		Ξ		rder to h		Th	d
	es in his epairs.				list in o			2
C	light pole) need re	'n?			from his			Flag
	f all the l nd (1, 4)	s relatio			emove			
	nates of (2, 8), al	ain of thi			ld Kent r	4 09		Pause
	Kent listed the coordinates of all the light poles in his town, relative to the center of town. Kent notes that the poles located at the points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need repairs.	A. What is the domain of this relation?			B. Which pole should Kent remove from his list in order to have the remaining poles lie in a straight line?	ttes: 1,4		
	isted the (2, 6), (/hat is th	in: 10	2/50	Vhich po	pole coordinates:		Review/End Test
Question 13 Page 1 of 2	Kent points	A . ∨	domain:		≥. ≥	pole c		Revier

PARTS C AND D

Item ID ?	he									Back
	les located at		art B?							
	tes that the po		g poles from p							
	town. Kent no		hree remaining							
	the center of		vith the other t		se four poles					
Line Guide	Kent listed the coordinates of all the light poles in his town, relative to the center of town. Kent notes that the poles located at the points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need repairs.	.()	C. What should be the value of <i>x</i> in order for this pole to fall in line with the other three remaining poles from part B ?	ven an he negative	that connects the locations of these four poles?			has given a ition.		Options
	t poles in his to ed repairs.	at coordinates (x, 0).	er for this pole	The student has given an incorrect answer (the negative sign is missing).	connects the I			The student has given a correct equation.		Flag
	of all the ligh , and (1, 4) ne	e placed at co	lue of x in ord	The	of the line that					
	ie coordinates (4, 10), (2, 8)	Kent would like a pole to be placed	ould be the va		D. What is the equation of the line	еа y=2x+2	50			st
Question 13 Page 2 of 2	Kent listed th points (2, 6),	Kent would li	c. What sh	x = 1	D. What is t	equation: y=	6 / 50			Review/End Test

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 0 POINTS

13. Kent listed the coordinates of all the light poles in his town, relative to the center of town. Kent notes that the poles located at the points (2, 6), (4, 10), (2, 8), and (1, 4) need repairs.

A. What is th	e domain of th	is relation?		
domain: _	domain c	st 4 and	less	The student has given an incorrect answer.
B. Which pol- poles lie ir	e should Kent n a straight line	remove fron	n his list in orde	er to have the remaining
pole coord	linates:	(4,10)		The student has given an incorrect answer.

Go to the next page to finish question 13.

Algebra	

13. *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

Kent would like a pole to be placed at coordinates (x, y)	0).
C. What should be the value of x in order for this pole three remaining poles from part B?	e to fall in line with the other
x =O	The student has given an incorrect answer.
D. What is the equation of the line that connects the l poles?	ocations of these four
equation: <u>x+y= 0</u>	The student has given an incorrect equation.

CONSTRUCTED-RESPONSE ITEM

14. The list below shows the number of miles Omar rode his bike on each of six consecutive days.

8, 2, 1, 7, 2, 6

A. What are the media	and mode distances, in miles, Omar rode his bike?
median:	mode:
	f the distances of his bike rides to be 7 miles. Je does not describe a typical length of Omar's bike rides.

Go to the next page to finish question 14.

- **14.** *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.
 - **C.** How far does Omar need to ride his bike on day seven to have a **mean** distance of 5 miles? Show or explain all your work.

SCORING GUIDE

#14 ITEM INFORMATION

Alignment	A1.2.3	Depth of Knowledge	3	Mean Score	1.90
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ITEM-SPECIFIC SCORING GUIDELINE

Score	Description
4	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of how to analyze data, make predictions, and/or answer questions based on displayed data (box-and-whisker plots, stem-and-leaf plots, scatter plots, measures of central tendency, or other representations) by correctly solving problems and clearly explaining procedures.
3	Demonstrates a general understanding of how to analyze data, make predictions, and/or answer questions based on displayed data (box-and-whisker plots, stem-and-leaf plots, scatter plots, measures of central tendency, or other representations) by correctly solving problems and clearly explaining procedures with only minor errors or omissions.
2	Demonstrates a partial understanding of how to analyze data, make predictions, and/or answer questions based on displayed data (box-and-whisker plots, stem-and-leaf plots, scatter plots, measures of central tendency, or other representations) by correctly performing a significant portion of the required task.
1	Demonstrates minimal understanding of how to analyze data, make predictions, and/or answer questions based on displayed data (box-and-whisker plots, stem-and-leaf plots, scatter plots, measures of central tendency, or other representations).
0	The response has no correct answer and insufficient evidence to demonstrate any understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures as required by the task. Response may show only information copied from the question.

Top Scoring Student Response And Training Notes:

Score	Description
4	Student earns 4 points.
3	Student earns 3.0 – 3.5 points.
2	Student earns 2.0 – 2.5 points.
1	Student earns 0.5 – 1.5 points. OR Student demonstrates minimal understanding of how to analyze data, make predictions, and/or answer questions based on displayed data (box-and-whisker plots, stem-and-leaf plots, scatter plots, measures of central tendency, or other representations).
0	Response is incorrect or contains some correct work that is irrelevant to the skill or concept being measured.

Responses that will receive credit:

Part A (1 point):

 $\frac{1}{2}$ point for <u>each</u> correct answer

Why?

Part B (1 point):

1 point for complete explanation

OR $\frac{1}{2}$ point for correct but incomplete explanation

What?	Why?			
	Although the range (7 miles) is one of the distances listed, it does not describe a typical length because the range only tells how far apart the maximum and minimum distances are. The fact that the range is one of the distances listed is pure coincidence. OR equivalent			

Part C (2 points):

- 1 point for correct answer
- 1 point for complete support

OR $\frac{1}{2}$ point for correct but incomplete support

What?	Why?
9 (miles)	$\frac{26 + x}{7} = 5$ 26 + x = 35
	x = 9 OR
	To find the missing value to have a mean of 5, add the current 6 values,
	which results in 26. Then set up the situation where you add the
	missing value, x , to 26 and then divide that by 7 (the new amount of
	total days), and the resulting equation is $\frac{26 + x}{7} = 5$. Then multiply both
	sides by 7 in order to work toward the value of x . The resulting equation
	is 26 + x = 35. Then using the additive property of equations, add -26 to
	both sides, which will result in $x = 9$.

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 4 POINTS

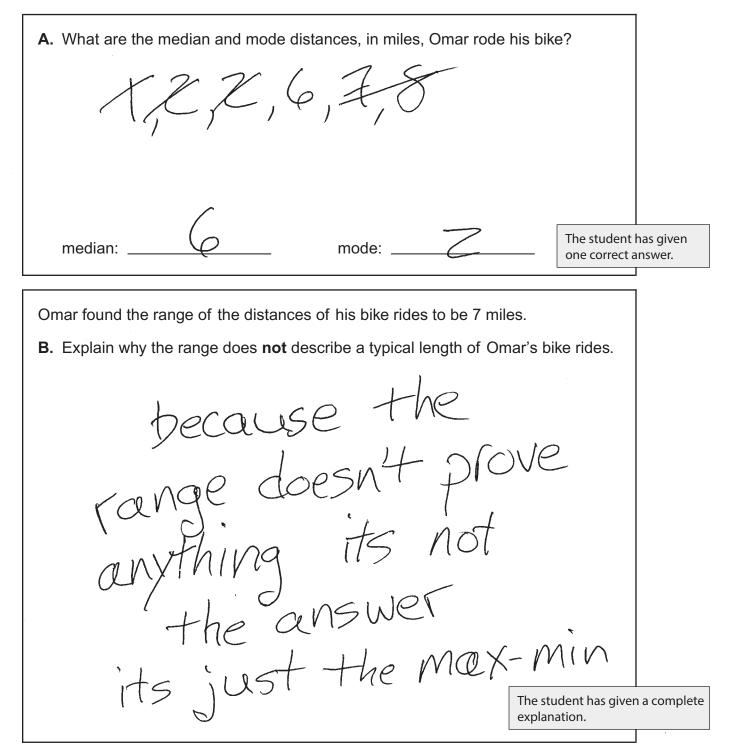
Item ID 7	s bike? The student has given two correct answers.	r's bike rides. the range is the		Next
	What are the median and mode distances, in miles, Omar rode his bike?	Omar found the range of the distances of his bike rides to be 7 miles. B. Explain why the range does not describe a typical length of Omar's bike rides. The range doesn't show a typical length of omaar's bike rides because the range is the greatest number of miles minus the lowest number of miles riden.	The student has given a complete explanation.	
Line Coide	A. What are the median a median a median a median:	Omar found the range of the B. Explain why the range of the range doesn't show a greatest number of miles in the range doesn't show a grea	151 / 1000 The st compl	Flag 🏞 🛛 Options
Question 14 Page 1 of 2	The list below shows the number of miles Omar rode his bike on each of six consecutive days. 8, 2, 1, 7, 2, 6			Review/End Test

ltem ID	stance of 5 miles?	Back
Line Caride	 C. How far does Omar need to ride his bike on day seven to have a mean distance of 5 miles? Show or explain all your work. Mar needs to ride 9 miles on the 7th day for the mean to equal 5 because-1+2+2+6+7+8=26 3. which fan y 7 wil equal 5, minus 26 is 9. Therefore, fin fi fivided by 7 wil equal 5, minus 26 is 9. Therefore, fin fi fivided by 7 wile equal 5, minus 26 is 9. Therefore, fin first of the advoluent rides 9 miles 35/7= 5 35/7= 5. The advoluent rides 9 miles 1+2+2+6+7+8+9=35. The advoluent rides 9 miles 1+2+2+6+7+8+9+9=35. The advoluent rides 9 miles 1+2+2+6+7+8+9+9+9+10+10+10+10+10+10+10+10+10+10+10+10+10+	Flag 🌂 Options
	ach of ach of	
	this bike on eadays.	Pause
Question 14 👽 Page 2 of 2	The list below shows the number of miles Omar rode his bike on each of six consecutive days. 8, 2, 1, 7, 2, 6	Review/End Test

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 3 POINTS

- **14.** The list below shows the number of miles Omar rode his bike on each of six consecutive days.
 - 8, 2, 1, 7, 2, 6



Go to the next page to finish question 14.

- **14.** *Continued.* Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.
 - C. How far does Omar need to ride his bike on day seven to have a mean distance of 5 miles? Show or explain all your work. 8, 2, 1, 7, 2, 6 8+2+1+7+2+6=26 35 Z6 7×5=35 miles

The student has given a correct answer.

The student has given complete support.

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 2 POINTS

ttem ID ?	oike?	The student has given two incorrect answers.	bike rides. e to be 7 miles		Next
Line Cuide	re the median and mode distances, in	median: 6 mode: 26 25 1/50 2/50	Omar found the range of the distances of his bike rides to be 7 miles. B. Explain why the range does not describe a typical length of Omar's bike rides. The range does not descibe a typical length because he found the range to be 7 miles when the real range is 8 miles.	116/1000 The student has given an incorrect explanation.	Flag 🍋 Options
Question 14 Page 1 of 2	The list below shows the number of miles Omar rode his bike on each of six consecutive days.	8, 2, 1, 7, 2, 6			Review/End Test Pause

	C. How far does Omar need to ride his bike on day seven to have a mean distance of 5 miles? Show or explain all your work. ☞	He would have to ride 9 miles to get a mean of 5 miles. I got this by adding all of the numbers and got 26. Then I figured out that it would have to a total of 35 miles to have a mean of 5 miles so I added 9 to 26 and got 35. Then to make sure it is the right mean I divided it by 7 which is the total of all the numbers and got my answer 5 miles.		The student has given a correct answer. The student has given complete support.	Back
Line Cuide	C. How far does Omar need Show or explain all your work.	ld have to ride 9 mile s and got 26. Then I 1 of 5 miles so I added d it by 7 which is the t		The student h	Options
		He wou a mean I divideo	347 / 1000		 Flag 🍾
	The list below shows the number of miles Omar rode his bike on each of six consecutive days. 8. 2. 1. 7. 2. 6				Pause
Question 14 🛛 🕏 Page 2 of 2	The list below shows miles Omar rode his six consecutive days. 8. 2. 1. 7				Review/End Test

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 1 POINT

- **14.** The list below shows the number of miles Omar rode his bike on each of six consecutive days.
 - 8, 2, 1, 7, 2, 6

Go to the next page to finish question 14.

C. How far does Omar need to ride his bike on day seven to have a mean distance of 5 miles? Show or explain all your work. 1, 2, 2, 6, 7, 8Omar needs to ride his bike 12 miles to get a Mean of 5 Because if you add 1,2,2,0 and 13 for day 7 you will get 25 " divide by 5 and you get 5. The student has given an incorrect answer. The student has given incorrect support.

STUDENT RESPONSE

RESPONSE SCORE: 0 POINTS

tem ID ?	ike?	The student has given two incorrect answers.	bike rides.	Next
Line Cuide	re the median and mode distances, in	median: 2 mode: 4 1/50 1/50	Omar found the range of the distances of his bike rides to be 7 miles. B. Explain why the range does not describe a typical length of Omar's bike rides. becasue it takes the lowest and the highest range an adds them up. ^{66/100} The student has given an incorrect explanation.	Flag 🍋 Options
Question 14 💌 💦 🖉	The list below shows the number of miles Omar rode his bike on each of six consecutive days.	8, 2, 1, 7, 2, 6		Review/End Test Pause

PART C

C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		te needs to ride 4 miles	24 / 1000	The student has given an incorrect answer.	The student has given no support.	Flag
		he nee	 24 / 1000			 Flag 🍾
	The list below shows the number of miles Omar rode his bike on each of six consecutive days.	1, 7, 2, 6				Pause
Question 14 Page 2 of 2	The list below shows miles Omar rode his t six consecutive days.	8, 2,				Review/End Test

ALGEBRA I MODULE 2—SUMMARY DATA

MULTIPLE-CHOICE

Sample	Alignment	Answer Key	Depth of Knowledge	<i>p</i> -values			
Number				Α	В	С	D
1	A1.2.1.1.2	D	2	16%	18%	25%	41%
2	A1.2.1.1.3	А	2	62%	18%	13%	7%
3	A1.2.1.2.1	А	2	67%	10%	18%	5%
4	A1.2.2.1.1	С	2	8%	22%	60%	10%
5	A1.2.2.1.2	С	2	21%	23%	43%	13%
6	A1.2.2.1.3	А	2	56%	15%	22%	7%
7	A1.2.2.1.4	С	1	4%	9%	82%	5%
8	A1.2.2.2.1	D	2	11%	29%	17%	43%
9	A1.2.3.1.1	D	2	12%	21%	31%	36%
10	A1.2.3.2.1	В	2	27%	43%	21%	9%
11	A1.2.3.2.2	С	2	13%	19%	51%	17%
12	A1.2.3.3.1	В	2	20%	53%	19%	8%

CONSTRUCTED-RESPONSE

Sample Number	Alignment	Points	Depth of Knowledge	Mean Score
13	A1.2.1	4	3	1.67
14	A1.2.3	4	3	1.90

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Keystone Exams Algebra I

ITEM AND SCORING SAMPLER 2016

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